

ENYTB

LAST MAN STANDING TOURNAMENT PLAYING RULES 13U - 19U

Updated: July 1, 2023

The official playing rules for ENYTB play shall conform to the official rules of Major League Baseball with the exceptions and modifications denoted herein.

If you believe your opponent has violated any MLB or tournament playing rule as defined herein, it is your responsibility to bring the alleged violation to the immediate attention of the chief umpire.

If you feel the umpires incorrectly interpret or apply any MLB or ENYTB rule, your only recourse for remedy is to IMMEDIATELY inform the chief umpire (before the next pitch or play, whichever happens first) that you wish to protest the game. Immediately contact the Tournament Director and the protest will be ruled on before play continues.

Section 1 - ROSTERS

1.1 Tournament Roster

All players must appear on the official TOURNAMENT roster of a team on the ENYTB.com website. The official tournament rosters are listed on the Tournament Manager page of each division.

1.2 Penalty For Use of Ineligible Player

The use of a player that is not on tournament roster results in forfeiture of the game. Use of a player is defined as any official appearance. If the player plays a defensive position in the field for one pitch, makes one plate appearance, or pinch runs, that qualifies as reason to forfeit the game.

Section 2 – FIELD DIMENSIONS

Pitching rubber distance = 60' 6" and base path distance = 90'

Section 3 – EQUIPMENT

3.1 BAT RESTRICTIONS

13U & 13+ teams. All bats must be:

- USA Bat
- BBCOR
- USSSA with a MAX drop -5 and MAX barrel of 2 5/8"
- Wood (Composite and BAUM are ok)

14U, 14+, 15U, 15+, 16U, 16+ teams. All bats must be:

- USA Bat
- BBCOR
- Wood (Composite and BAUM are ok)

17U and older teams. All bats must be:

- Wood (Composite and BAUM are ok)

3.2 Metal Spikes

3.2.1 Metal spikes are allowed. However, some fields have turf infield or turf mounds. Players must be prepared with turf shoes at all times.

Section 4 – PITCHING RESTRICTIONS

4.1 There are no restrictions on pitch counts in tournament play

4.2 Use of Overage Pitchers **NOTE: THESE RULES DIFFERS FROM REGULAR SEASON PLAY**

- 13/14U Divisions - pitchers who are baseball age 15 are allowed to pitch against teams that are 13+, 14, and 14+. ***They are NOT allowed to pitch against a pure 13U team.***
- 15/16U Divisions – ALL players are eligible to pitch in all games.
- 17/18U Divisions – ALL players are eligible to pitch in all games.

4.3 Penalty for Use of Overage Pitchers

If an ineligible player throws a single pitch in the game, the game is forfeited.

Section 5 - OFFICIAL GAMES

5.1 Length of Games

All games are 7 innings.

5.2 Official Games

5.2.1 For tournament purposes, a game is an official game when the trailing team has had 4 complete at bats.

5.2.2 Any game that reaches the Time Limit without weather delays is an official game

5.2.3 Pool play games can end in a tie. Play shall continue into extra innings if the time limits is not yet met. Once time limit is met, if score is still tied, the game is a tie.

5.2.4 Single elimination rounds must have a winner. Play shall continue until a team wins.

5.3 Forfeited Games

Forfeited games are scored 7-0. Exception: In pool play, if the game has reached official length and the actual score is more advantageous for the non-forfeiting team, that score will be final.

5.4 Time Limits

5.4.1 No new inning shall begin after 2:00 has elapsed from the time of first pitch

(1) **EXCEPTION: CHAMPIONSHIP GAME = NO NEW INNING 2:10 AFTER FIRST PITCH**

5.4.2 An inning is “complete” the moment the third out is made. If the time limit is 2:00 and the third out is made 1:59 after first pitch, the next inning shall be played.

5.4.3 If an umpire determines any team to employ tactics that intentionally delay the pace of the game for their own benefit, the punishment shall be:

- First offense = warning
- Second offense = forfeit of game

5.4.4 If a rain delay occurs, the clock on the time limit shall pause during the delay for a maximum aggregate of 20 minutes per game

5.5 Shortened/Suspended Games

5.5.1 Any game not completed due to weather or darkness shall be considered a complete game if the game if the trailing team has had 4 complete at bats or if 90 minutes of playing time has elapsed.

5.5.2 In pool play, a game of official length that is cut short due to weather, darkness, or other unforeseen reason will revert to the score of the last completed inning. The pool play games can end in a tie.

5.5.3 In single elimination rounds, a game that is cut short due to weather, darkness, or other unforeseen reason will revert to the score of the last completed inning. With the following exceptions:

- (1) If the visiting team in its half of the incomplete inning scores a run(s) that tie the game or take over the lead and the inning cannot be completed, the game shall be suspended and resumed the next day.
- (2) If the home team in its half of the incomplete inning scores a run(s) that tie the game, and the inning cannot be completed, the game shall be suspended and resumed the next day.

NOTE: If the home team in its half of the incomplete inning scores a run(s) that take over the lead, that score is the final score of the game.

5.5.4 Resuming play of a Suspended game:

- The remainder of the game shall be played in its entirety at a time and location determined by the Tournament Director.
- All play, lineup cards, substitutions from the original play stand.
- The game will be played until its completion
- Time limit is still in effect and time played in the original game counts toward the time limit.

5.6 – Mercy Rule

5.6.1 Sliding Scale PLUS a Drop-dead Mercy

- 15 runs after 4 at bats by trailing team
- 10 runs after 5 at bats by trailing team
- Beginning top of 5th inning, if any team takes a 15 run lead at any time, the game is immediately final due to 15-run drop dead mercy rule.

5.7 – Extra Innings & Post Time Limit Play

5.7.1 *First extra inning* (or the first inning of play after time limit has been reached in a single elimination game that is tied) = last batted out on second base

Any additional innings = last batted out on second base, the batter immediately before the last batted out in the lineup on third base.

Section 6 – STARTING A GAME

6.1 Coaches in the Dugout Area

6.1.1 Teams are limited to 3 coaches plus 1 score keeper in the dugout.

6.1.2 Only two coaches are permitted on the field (coaching boxes) while the team is on offense

6.1.3 Coaches need to stay in the vicinity of the dugout while their team is on defense unless they are making a pitching change or attending to an injury.

6.1.4 Umpires should monitor the proximity of coaches to the field

6.1.5 COACHES ARE PROHIBITED FROM SITTING ON BUCKETS IN FRONT OF THE DUGOUT OR ANYWHERE IN THE FIELD OF PLAY FOR PLAYER SAFETY REASONS.

6.2 Lineup cards

Prior to the start of the game, both teams shall exchange line-up cards. Each team's lineup card should list ALL players eligible for participation in that game in addition to the starting lineup.

Every player listed on the lineup card must also be on the teams official tournament roster

NOTE: Failure to include an eligible player on the line-up card does NOT make the player ineligible to enter the game.

The last name and number of each eligible player must be listed. Where there are two players with the same last name, the full first name or initial (as long as they are different) must be on the card so as to be distinguishable.

6.3 9 Players are required to start a game

No game shall officially start without a minimum of 9 league eligible players being present in uniform for both sides. Any team with less than 9 such players shall be provided 20 minutes after the scheduled start time to field a team of 9 such players. At that point the game shall be recorded a 7-0 loss for the team unable to field a complete team and the offending team shall be required to pay any ump fees due. If the game is the first game of a doubleheader the 2nd game shall be rescheduled but the away team, if it is not the offending team, has the option to require the make-up game to be played on its own home field. When this option is exercised, the designated home and away teams shall remain the same as in the original scheduled game.

6.4 Minimum of 8 players are required to continue a game

When a team is unable to continue to field 9 eligible players because of injury or other extenuating circumstance, **but not ejection**, the game shall be allowed to continue with 8 players. The opposing manager shall choose an ineligible player from the bench, if one is available, and make him eligible to play in the field only. If no such player is available, the game shall be allowed to continue with 8 players on defense. In either case, an automatic out shall be recorded each time through the lineup, in the spot in the batting order previously occupied by the injured or otherwise lost player. When a team is unable to field 8 eligible players regardless of cause or extenuating circumstance, the game is over immediately, and the offending team shall lose by a final score of 7 to 0.

6.5 If 9th and Last Eligible Player is Ejected from the Game

- If a player is ejected from the game and the team has no legal substitute player available, the game is over immediately. If the offending team was winning or tied, the final score shall be recorded as 7 – 0 in favor of the non-offending team. If the offending team was losing, the score of the game shall stand as the final score.

Section 7 – LINEUP & SUBSTITUTIONS

7.1 Unlimited EH Rule

An extra hitter rule is adopted as defined herein. The EH rule allows a team to have a batting order of 10 or more players. Any player in the batting order is eligible to assume any fielding position at any time during the game. For example, in a 10 inning game, 10 different players in a 10 man batting order could serve as the EH for one inning each by removing a different player from the field each inning.

Beginning 2011, teams shall be allowed the option of playing with multiple EHs where the number is limited only by a team's roster size. Players shall occupy the same spot in the batting order at all times but may be used interchangeably in the field. To have one or more EHs, the team must start the game with that number. Once started, all EHs must be continued throughout the entire game. If a team avails itself of the EH option and is without an eligible player in the batting order any time after the start of the game, regardless of reason, that EH position shall be recorded as an out each time through the lineup.

7.2 DH Rule

A designated hitter rule is adopted as defined herein. ANY position player may be DH'd for and that same position player can enter the line-up later in the game at any place in the batting order in the same manner as any ordinary substitution. Once the DH takes the field or any player DH'd for enters the lineup, the DH is lost for the rest of the game. To have a DH, you must start the game with one.

7.3 Re-entry Rule

Re-entry is permitted pursuant to the high school re-entry rule. Any starter, replaced by a legal substitute, may re-enter the game once, at any time, provided the re-entered player occupies his original position in the batting order.

The penalty for violation of this rule upon discovery (Rule 3 Article 1 NFHS rulebook) shall be:

(1) Ejection of the offending player.

(2) An illegal player on offense, whether as a batter or runner, shall be called out immediately and ejected. The penalty for illegal substitution shall supersede the penalty for batting out of order. If the player should score a run, advance or cause a play to be made that advances another runner, discovery must be made BEFORE the first pitch to the next batter of either team. This would invalidate the action of the illegal offensive player. Any out(s) made on the play would stand and all other runners return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch.

(3) An illegal player on defense shall be replaced immediately upon discovery. If the illegal player is involved in a play and the infraction is discovered prior to the first pitch to the next batter of either team, the team on offense has the option to let the play stand or to allow the batter to bat again.

7.3.1 Players in the starting lineup may not pitch after re-entering the game IF they made an official pitching appearance prior to being substituted for.

7.3.2 Any player who has pitched in a game and then serves as an EH, shall NOT be eligible to pitch again in the same game.

7.3.3 Exception to rule 7.3.1, if a pitcher is pinch hit for during offensive half of inning, they can return to pitch the next half inning as long as they have remained the pitcher of record the entire time.

7.3.4 Ohtani Rule: A starting pitcher can be used as a team's DH. They can stay in the game as a hitter when their time on the pitching mound has ended. An eligible substitute can replace them as a defensive only substitute who will NOT bat.

Section 8 – MISCELLANEOUS PLAYING RULES

The official playing rules for ENYTB regular season play shall conform to the official rules of Major League Baseball with the exceptions and modifications denoted herein.

8.1 Courtesy Runner

To speed up the game, a courtesy runner shall be allowed for the catcher only, after the 2nd out of an inning has been recorded. The "pinch runner" in this case shall be the last previous batter to make a "batted" out in the game (failed to reach 1B safely).

8.2 Avoiding Catcher/Runner Collisions

CATCHER –When the catcher does not possess the baseball or is in the process of fielding the ball in the vicinity of home plate, the catcher must leave the runner a path to part of the plate.

RUNNER - Any runner in an upright position in the vicinity of home plate must make an attempt to avoid contact with the catcher. In this circumstance, any runner failing to make an attempt to avoid contact with the catcher shall be declared out. The ball becomes dead. In the same circumstance, if the contact is further judged to be malicious, the offending player shall be ejected.

8.3 NCAA Force-Play Slide Rule

Shall be adopted for all regular season play at all age divisions beginning 2008 season.

The intent of the force-play slide rule is to ensure the safety of all players. This is a safety as well as an interference rule. Whether the defense could have completed the double play has no bearing on the applicability of this rule. This rule pertains to a force-play situation at any base, regardless of the number of outs.

(a) On any force play, the runner must slide on the ground before the base and in a direct line between the two bases. It is permissible for the slider's momentum to carry him through the base in the baseline extended.

Exception—A runner need not slide directly into a base as long as the runner slides or runs in a direction away from the fielder to avoid making contact or altering the play of the fielder. Interference shall not be called.

i. "On the ground" means either a head-first slide or a slide with one leg and buttock on the ground before the base.

ii. "Directly into a base" means the runner's entire body (feet, legs, trunk and arms) must stay in a straight line between the bases.

(b) Contact with a fielder is legal and interference shall not be called if the runner makes a legal slide directly to the base and in the baseline extended.

NOTE: If contact occurs on top of the base as a result of a "pop-up" slide, this contact is legal.

(c) Actions by a runner are illegal and interference shall be called if:

- i. The runner slides or runs out of the base line in the direction of the fielder and alters the play of a fielder (with or without contact);
- ii. The runner uses a rolling or cross-body slide and either makes contact with or alters the play of a fielder;
- iii. The runner's raised leg makes contact higher than the fielder's knee when in a standing position;
- iv. The runner slashes or kicks the fielder with either leg; or,
- v. The runner illegally slides toward or contacts the fielder even if the fielder makes no attempt to throw to complete a play.

PENALTY:

With less than two outs, the batter-runner, as well as the interfering runner, shall be declared out and no other runner(s) shall advance.

With two outs, the interfering runner shall be declared out and no other runner(s) shall advance.

If the runner's slide or collision is flagrant, the runner shall be ejected from the contest.

NOTE: If the bases are loaded with no outs, a double-play attempt is made, and interference is called, all other runners must return to their original bases.

Section 9 – SEVERE HEAT POLICY

Extreme heat is a valid reason to weather postpone a game if the following conditions are met:

1. The projected "heat index" or "feels like temperature" at the home field site is 96 degrees or higher according to weather.com.
2. The projection must be based on an hourly forecast and the time the temperature is predicted to exceed the limit must be within the expected game time.
3. The decision to postpone the game will be made by tournament director.

Section 10 CONDUCT, EJECTIONS & DISCIPLINE

10.1 MANAGERS RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITY

10.1.1 Managers are responsible for the behavior of themselves, their coaches, their players, AND their parents. Managers must control situations involving any of these members of their team. Failure to do so will result in punishment for the manager up to, and including, possible banishment from coaching in ENYTB.
If players, parents, or coaches start engaging with the other team or the umpires, the manager must step up and control their side.

There is a zero-tolerance policy towards any person who confronts an umpire or opposing team member outside the confines of the playing field. NEVER follow an umpire off the field or into the parking lot. Umpires are instructed to immediately contact the police in such cases.

10.2 OFF-FIELD CONFRONATIONS

10.2.1 Any person who confronts an umpire or opponent off the field will receive a MINIMUM 3 game or 10-day suspension from ENYTB games, whichever is longer. This includes tournament games.

10.2.2 The league withholds the right to levy a harsher penalty when warranted.

10.2.3 Any person who has a second offense of confronting an umpire or opponent off the field will be suspended indefinitely from ENYTB.

10.3 EJECTIONS & SUSPENSIONS

10.3.1 Verbal Abuse or Unsportsmanlike Conduct

(1) First ejection of season = automatic 1 game suspension

(2) Second offense of tournament = removed from remainder of tournament

10.3.2 Any violent offense including intentionally throwing at a batter = removed from remainder of tournament

10.3.3 All suspension penalties shall carry over from one season to the next, and from regular season to post-season competition.

10.4 EJECTION PROTOCOL

10.4.1 *IMMEDIATELY* following an ejection, the offending individual must leave the field and dugout area. The person must remove themselves from the sight and sound of the game and not communicate with team members or the umpires.

10.4.2 Failure to do so in a timely fashion will increase the length of punishment.

10.4.3 If a person is ejected in the first game of a doubleheader, that person is suspended from the second game.

10.4.4 Suspended players are restricted to areas designated for spectators and they:

- (1) Shall not be dressed in team uniform.
- (2) Shall not take part in any pre-game activities at the site of the competition, nor be on the field once pre-game activities have started.
- (3) Prohibited from communicating with team, coach, and/or bench personnel at any point during the contest.

10.5 REPORTING SYSTEM

10.5.1 The manager of the offending team is **REQUIRED** to report all ejections to the league within 48 hours of the ejection. Failure to do so shall result in automatic \$50 fine.

10.5.2 Umpire Assigners are encouraged to notify the league of all ejections.